

Aboriginal Family Safety Project

Engaging with Communities to Design a Culturally Appropriate Family Violence Prevention Program to Strengthen Aboriginal Family Safety









We would like to acknowledge the traditional custodians of the land on which we meet, the Whadjuk people, and pay our respects to all Elders past, present and future.

Who we are



Angela Ryder
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Aboriginal Services
Relationships Australia WA &
Langford Aboriginal Association

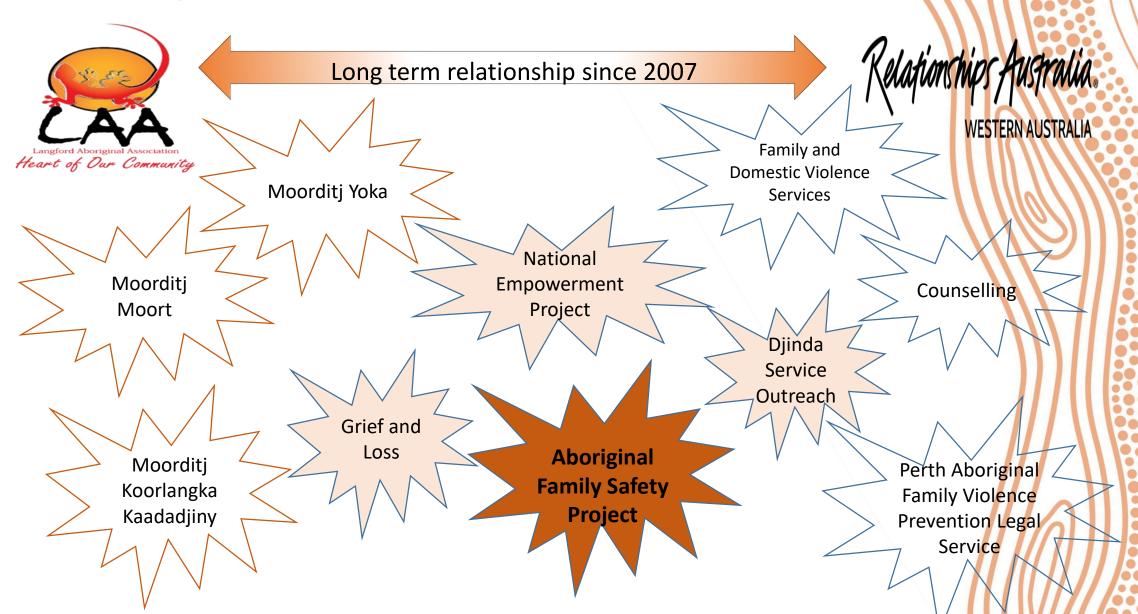


Leonie Pickett
Senior Executive Officer
Langford Aboriginal Association



Noelene lannello
Senior Manager
Family & Domestic Violence Services
Relationships Australia WA

Setting the scene



The journey towards the AFSP



Ethics

Foundation Elements

- Informed by the National Empowerment Project (NEP)
- NEP delivered by LAA and RAWA since 2017
- NEP consultations highlighted family violence as a significant issue of concern for Aboriginal communities

Participatory Action Research

Guiding Principles

The journey towards the AFSP



Ethics

- Ethical conduct in research with Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples and communities: Guidelines for researchers and stakeholders (National Health and Medical Research Council).
- Ethics guidelines provide a set of principles to ensure research is safe, respectful, responsible, high quality, of benefit to Aboriginal people and communities and of benefit to research.
- The guidelines define six core values spirit and integrity, cultural continuity, equity, reciprocity, respect, and responsibility. Applying these values and other ethical principles will ensure that research conducted with or for Aboriginal communities, or their data, is ethically conducted.

The journey towards the AFSP



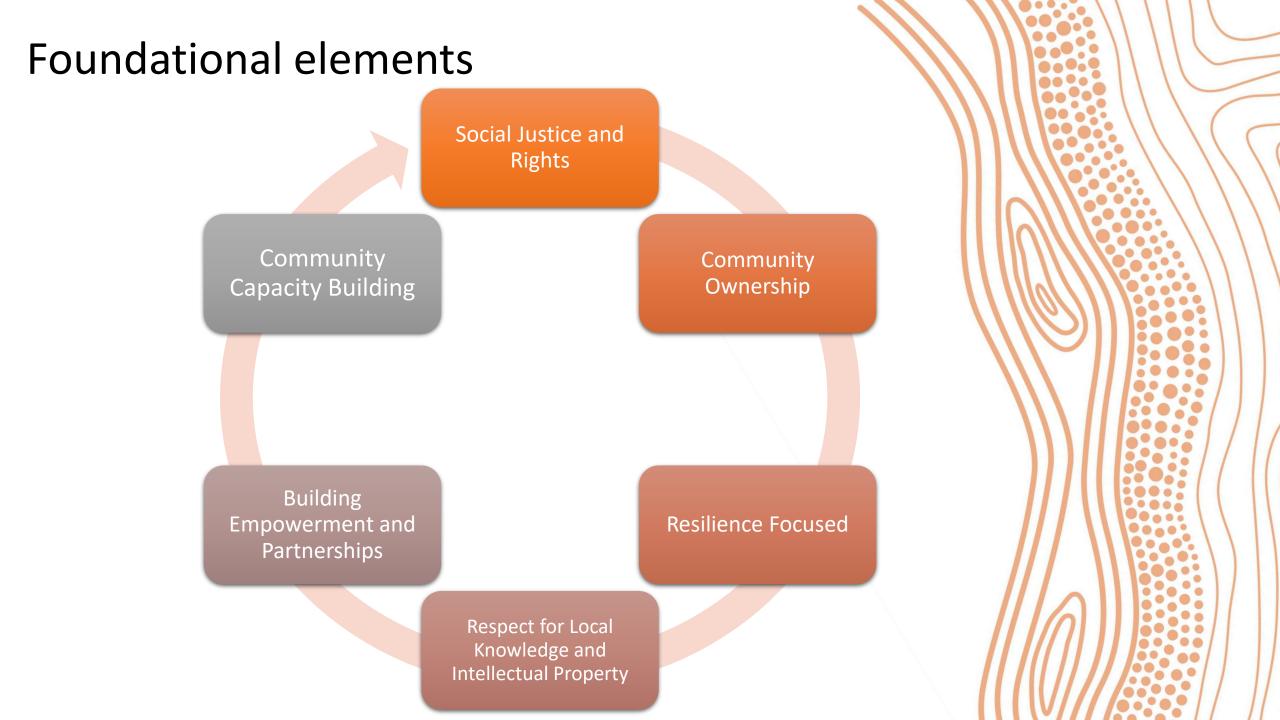
The NEP aimed to empower local Aboriginal people and to give them 'voice'.

It was essential that a methodology was used which would allow this to happen.

The key components of Participatory Action Research (PAR) are:

- Participants are viewed as research partners. It views them as being experts in their own cultures.
- Reflective and cyclic. Focuses on developing people's critical awareness and to be self-reflective.
- Concerned with concepts of power and powerless in society.
 Aims to motivate people to engage in social action.
- Values the opinions and experiences marginalised groups.

Participatory Action Research



Guiding principles

Aboriginal voices, perspectives and worldviews

Accountability

Aboriginal community control and engagement

Partnership

Equity and access

Cultural safety and cultural competence

Relationship based on recognition, respect and reconciliation

A commitment

- Stopping Family and Domestic Violence state government election commitment
- Holistic and multi-faceted approach to break the cycle of violence in WA families and communities
- Culturally appropriate support service for:
 - Aboriginal women; and
 - women from culturally and linguistically diverse communities



Walking this path together: Aboriginal Family Safety Project

There is substantial evidence that indicates that Aboriginal women experience significant and specific barriers to reporting family violence and accessing support.

Aboriginal women and children experience increased self-esteem, confidence, resilience and wellbeing

Aboriginal women and children heal from trauma

Outcomes

Aboriginal women are aware of and able to access culturally appropriate and informed supports

Aboriginal women are supported to improve their long-term safety and that of their children

Aboriginal Family Safety Project

Phase/Year 1
Community Reference
Group
Metropolitan

community workshops
Written Report

Phase/Year2
Program design and development

Phase/Year 3

Metropolitan program pilot

Regional program pilots

Local Aboriginal co-facilitators

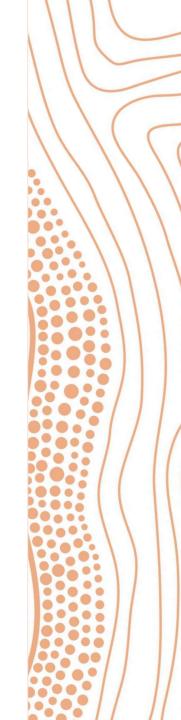
Phase/Year 4
Final program
Delivery of final program
External evaluation
Launch
Handover to Aboriginal community

Aboriginal Family Safety Project

12 consultation workshops across four metropolitan regions (NW, SW, NE, SE).

potential regional locations for delivery of the pilot program





Where are we now

Phase/Year 1
Community Reference
Group

Metropolitan community workshops

Written Report

Phase/Year2
Program design and development

Phase/Year 3

Metropolitan program pilot

Regional program pilots

Local Aboriginal coordinators

Phase/Year 4
Final program
Delivery of final program
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Launch
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